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Nan Xiao^{1,*}

Image Data Retrieval

5,102 movie poster images scraped from 4 Tumblr blogs in February 2016.

Feature Extraction

Convert RGB to HSV color space. Compute the color histogram $(10 \times 10 \times 10 = 1000 \text{ dimension vector})$ as features for each image.

Color Topic Model

Assume the following generative process for each image:

- $\psi_k \sim \text{Dirichlet}(\beta)$: Draw color distributions ψ_k for each color topic k.
- $\theta_d \sim \text{Dirichlet}(\alpha)$: Draw color topic distributions θ_d for each image d.
- $n_d \sim \text{Poisson}(\gamma)$: For each image d, draw its number of pixels n_d

For each color $i \in \{1, 2, \ldots, n_d\}$ in image d:

- $z_{di} \sim \text{Multinomial}(\theta_{di})$: Draw the pixel's color topic.
- $w_{di} \sim \text{Multinomial}(\psi_{z_{di}})$: Draw the pixel's color.



Latent Color Topics

the raw feature vectors for better perceptual interpretability.

ChromaClust: Latent Color Topic Modeling for Images

¹Department of Human Genetics, The University of Chicago

Color Topic Loadings



- 2. Most images in our dataset has a small number of color topics,

Potential Applications

- 1. Color topic loadings as features in recommender systems

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*me@nanx.me

Conclusions

1. Similar to population structure and languages, colors in images with certain themes (e.g. movie posters) have *color topics*, thus can be modeled with STRUCTURE-like topic models.

which is a reflection of the principles in graphic design.

2. Model-based image dominant color extraction for HCI design 3. Different features for image topic modeling with diverse purposes